

Standard Reinsurance (Bermuda) Limited

**Condensed Consolidated
General Purpose Financial
Statements**

2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**To the Board of Directors of
Standard Reinsurance (Bermuda) Limited and its subsidiaries**

Our opinion

In our opinion, the condensed consolidated financial statements of Standard Reinsurance (Bermuda) Limited and its subsidiaries (“the Group”) are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Insurance Act 1978, amendments thereto and the Insurance Account Rules 2016 with respect to condensed general purpose financial statements (the “Legislation”).

What we have audited

The Group’s condensed consolidated financial statements comprise:

- the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of February 20, 2022;
- the condensed consolidated statement of income for the year then ended;
- the condensed consolidated statement of capital and surplus as of February 20, 2022;
- the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the condensed consolidated financial statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants’ Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the ethical requirements of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Bermuda Rules of Professional Conduct (CPA Bermuda Rules) that are relevant to our audit of the condensed consolidated financial statements in Bermuda. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and the ethical requirements of the CPA Bermuda Rules.

Emphasis of matter – basis of accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we note that the condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Legislation. The accounting policies used and the disclosures made are not intended to, and do not, comply with all of the requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United Kingdom.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the condensed consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Legislation, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the condensed consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the condensed consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the condensed consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the condensed consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the condensed consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the condensed consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mooae Stephens & Butterfield

Chartered Professional Accountants
Hamilton, Bermuda
June 16, 2022

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

As at
expressed in
['000s]

February 20, 2022

United States Dollars

LINE No.		2022	2021
1.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	25,472	50,026
2.	QUOTED INVESTMENTS:		
(a)	Bonds and Debentures		
	i. Held to maturity	-	-
	ii. Other	410,262	424,126
(b)	Total Bonds and Debentures	410,262	424,126
(c)	Equities		
	i. Common stocks	76,407	131,781
	ii. Preferred stocks	-	-
	iii. Mutual funds	-	-
(d)	Total equities	76,407	131,781
(e)	Other quoted investments	-	-
(f)	Total quoted investments	486,669	555,907
3.	UNQUOTED INVESTMENTS:		
(a)	Bonds and Debentures		
	i. Held to maturity	-	-
	ii. Other	1,000	-
(b)	Total Bonds and Debentures	-	-
(c)	Equities		
	i. Common stocks	44,481	41,594
	ii. Preferred stocks	-	-
	iii. Mutual funds	-	-
(d)	Total equities	44,481	41,594
(e)	Other unquoted investments	-	-
(f)	Total unquoted investments	45,481	41,594
4.	INVESTMENTS IN AND ADVANCES TO AFFILIATES		
(a)	Unregulated entities that conduct ancillary services		
(b)	Unregulated non-financial operating entities		
(c)	Unregulated financial operating entities		
(d)	Regulated non-insurance financial operating entities		
(e)	Regulated insurance financial operating entities		
(f)	Total investments in affiliates		
(g)	Advances to affiliates		
(h)	Total investments in and advances to affiliates		
5.	INVESTMENTS IN MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE		
(a)	First liens		
(b)	Other than first liens		
(c)	Total investments in mortgage loans on real estate		
6.	POLICY LOANS		
7.	REAL ESTATE:		
(a)	Occupied by the company (less encumbrances)		
(b)	Other properties (less encumbrances)	-	-
(c)	Total real estate		

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

As at
expressed in
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February 20, 2022

United States Dollars

LINE No.		2022	2021
8.	COLLATERAL LOANS		
9.	INVESTMENT INCOME DUE AND ACCRUED	3,282	4,014
10.	ACCOUNTS AND PREMIUMS RECEIVABLE:		
(a)	In course of collection	108,009	53,313
(b)	Deferred - not yet due	10,027	12,846
(c)	Receivables from retrocessional contracts		
(d)	Total accounts and premiums receivable	118,036	66,159
11.	REINSURANCE BALANCES RECEIVABLE:		
(a)	Foreign affiliates		
(b)	Domestic affiliates		
(c)	Pools & associations		
(d)	All other insurers		
(e)	Total reinsurance balance receivable		
12.	FUNDS HELD BY CEDING REINSURERS		
13.	SUNDRY ASSETS:		
(a)	Derivative instruments	-	-
(b)	Segregated accounts companies - long-term business - variable annuities		
(c)	Segregated accounts companies - long-term business - other		
(d)	Segregated accounts companies - general business		
(e)	Deposit assets		
(f)	Deferred acquisition costs		
(g)	Net receivables for investments sold		
(h)	Fixtures, fittings and software		
(i)	Goods sales tax	195	192
(j)	Member fund accounts	3,270	4,752
(k)	Total sundry assets	3,465	4,944
14.	LETTERS OF CREDIT, GUARANTEES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS		
(a)	Letters of credit		
(b)	Guarantees		
(c)	Other instruments		
(e)	Total letters of credit, guarantees and other instruments	-	-
15.	TOTAL	682,405	722,644

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

As at
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February 20, 2022

United States Dollars

LINE No.		2022	2021
	TOTAL INSURANCE RESERVES, OTHER LIABILITIES AND STATUTORY CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		
16.	UNEARNED PREMIUM RESERVE		
(a)	Gross unearned premium reserves	280	408
(b)	Less: Ceded unearned premium reserve		
	i. Foreign affiliates		
	ii. Domestic affiliates		
	iii. Pools & associations		
	iv. All other insurers	218	233
(c)	Total ceded unearned premium reserve	218	233
(d)	Net unearned premium reserve	62	175
17.	LOSS AND LOSS EXPENSE PROVISIONS:		
(a)	Gross loss and loss expense provisions	506,192	532,954
(b)	Less : Reinsurance recoverable balance		
	i. Foreign affiliates	103,844	102,850
	ii. Domestic affiliates		
	iii. Pools & associations		
	iv. All other reinsurers	10,484	14,613
(c)	Total reinsurance recoverable balance	114,328	117,463
(d)	Net loss and loss expense provisions	391,864	415,491
18.	OTHER GENERAL BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES		
19.	TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES	391,926	415,666
	LONG-TERM BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES		
20.	RESERVE FOR REPORTED CLAIMS		
21.	RESERVE FOR UNREPORTED CLAIMS		
22.	POLICY RESERVES - LIFE		
23.	POLICY RESERVES - ACCIDENT AND HEALTH		
24.	POLICYHOLDERS' FUNDS ON DEPOSIT		
25.	LIABILITY FOR FUTURE POLICYHOLDERS' DIVIDENDS		
26.	OTHER LONG-TERM BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES		
27.	TOTAL LONG-TERM BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES		
(a)	Total Gross Long-Term Business Insurance Reserves		
(b)	Less: Reinsurance recoverable balance on long-term business		
	(i) Foreign Affiliates		
	(ii) Domestic Affiliates		
	(iii) Pools and Associations		
	(iv) All Other Insurers		
(c)	Total Reinsurance Recoverable Balance		
(d)	Total Net Long-Term Business Insurance Reserves		

OTHER LIABILITIES

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

As at
expressed in
['000s]

February 20, 2022

United States Dollars

LINE No.		2022	2021
28.	INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE BALANCES PAYABLE	48,223	34,927
29.	COMMISSIONS, EXPENSES, FEES AND TAXES PAYABLE		
30.	LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE		
31.	(a) INCOME TAXES PAYABLE		
	(b) DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	-	-
32.	AMOUNTS DUE TO AFFILIATES		
33.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES	3,458	5,358
34.	FUNDS HELD UNDER REINSURANCE CONTRACTS:		
35.	DIVIDENDS PAYABLE		
36.	SUNDRY LIABILITIES:		
(a)	Derivative instruments	366	123
(b)	Segregated accounts companies		
(c)	Deposit liabilities		
(d)	Net payable for investments purchased		
(e)	Other sundry liabilities (specify)		
(f)	Other sundry liabilities (specify)		
(g)	Other sundry liabilities (specify)		
(h)	Total sundry liabilities	366	123
37.	LETTERS OF CREDIT, GUARANTEES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS:		
(a)	Letters of credit		
(b)	Guarantees		
(c)	Other instruments		
(d)	Total letters of credit, guarantees and other instruments	-	-
38.	TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	52,047	40,408
39.	TOTAL INSURANCE RESERVES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	443,973	456,074
	CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		
40.	TOTAL CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	238,432	266,570
41.	TOTAL	682,405	722,644

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME**STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED**For the year
ended
expressed in
['000s]**February 20, 2022****United States Dollars**

LINE No.		2022	2021
	GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING INCOME		
1.	GROSS PREMIUMS WRITTEN		
	(a) Direct gross premiums written	41,230	44,162
	(b) Assumed gross premiums written	178,502	175,040
	(c) Total gross premiums written	219,732	219,202
2.	REINSURANCE PREMIUMS CEDED	34,536	36,516
3.	NET PREMIUMS WRITTEN	185,196	182,686
4.	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNEARNED PREMIUMS	113	510
5.	NET PREMIUMS EARNED	185,309	183,196
6.	OTHER INSURANCE INCOME		
7.	TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING INCOME	185,309	183,196
	GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING EXPENSES		
8.	NET LOSSES INCURRED AND NET LOSS EXPENSES INCURRED	173,099	190,674
9.	COMMISSIONS AND BROKERAGE		
10.	TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING EXPENSES	173,099	190,674
11.	NET UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) - GENERAL BUSINESS	12,210	(7,478)
	LONG-TERM BUSINESS INCOME		
12.	GROSS PREMIUMS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS:		
	(a) Direct gross premiums and other considerations		
	(b) Assumed gross premiums and other considerations		
	(c) Total gross premiums and other considerations	-	-
13.	PREMIUMS CEDED		
14.	NET PREMIUMS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS:		
	(a) Life		
	(b) Annuities		
	(c) Accident and health		
	(d) Total net premiums and other considerations	-	-
15.	OTHER INSURANCE INCOME		
16.	TOTAL LONG-TERM BUSINESS INCOME	-	-

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

For the year
ended
expressed in
['000s]

February 20, 2022

United States Dollars

LINE No.		2022	2021
	LONG-TERM BUSINESS DEDUCTIONS AND EXPENSES		
17.	CLAIMS - LIFE		
18.	POLICYHOLDERS' DIVIDENDS		
19.	SURRENDERS		
20.	MATURITIES		
21.	ANNUITIES		
22.	ACCIDENT AND HEALTH BENEFITS		
23.	COMMISSIONS		
24.	OTHER		
25.	TOTAL LONG-TERM BUSINESS DEDUCTIONS AND EXPENSES		
26.	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN POLICY RESERVES (ACTUARIAL LIABILITIES):		
	(a) Life		
	(b) Annuities		
	(c) Accident and health		
	(d) Total increase (decrease) in policy reserves		
27.	TOTAL LONG-TERM BUSINESS EXPENSES		
28.	NET UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) - LONG-TERM BUSINESS		
29.	COMBINED NET UNDERWRITING RESULTS BEFORE THE UNDERNOTED ITEMS	12,210	(7,478)
	UNDERNOTED ITEMS		
30.	COMBINED OPERATING EXPENSE		
	(a) General and administration	25,086	21,743
	(b) Personnel cost		
	(c) Other		
	(d) Total combined operating expenses	25,086	21,743
31.	COMBINED INVESTMENT INCOME - NET	(13,900)	(582)
32.	COMBINED OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)	3,576	(5,627)
33.	COMBINED INCOME BEFORE TAXES	(23,200)	(35,430)
34.	COMBINED INCOME TAXES (IF APPLICABLE):		
	(a) Current	144	-
	(b) Deferred	-	-
	(c) Total	144	-
35.	COMBINED INCOME BEFORE REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	(23,344)	(35,430)
36.	COMBINED REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	6,885	25,681
37.	COMBINED INTEREST CHARGES		
38.	NET INCOME	(16,459)	(9,749)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

As at
expressed in
['000s]

February 20, 2022

United States Dollars

LINE No.			2022	2021
1.	CAPITAL:			
(a)	Capital Stock			
	(i) Common Shares			
	Authorized shares	120,000	120	120
	par value	\$1.00		
	issued and fully paid	120,000		
	(ii)			
	(A) Preferred shares:			
	Authorized shares			
	par value			
	Issues and fully paid			
	aggregate liquidation value for —			
		2022		
		2021		
	(B) Preferred shares issued by a subsidiary:			
	Authorized shares			
	par value			
	Issued and fully paid			
	aggregate liquidation value for —			
		2022		
		2021		
	(iii) Treasury Shares			
	repurchased			
	value	shares of par		
		each issued		
(b)	Contributed surplus		1,000	1,000
(c)	Any other fixed capital			
	(i) Hybrid capital instruments			
	(ii) Guarantees and others			
	(iii) Total any other fixed capital			
(d)	Total Capital		1,120	1,120
2.	SURPLUS:			
(a)	Surplus - Beginning of Year		257,265	266,286
(b)	Add: Income for the year		(16,459)	(9,749)
(c)	Less: Dividends paid and payable		(10,000)	-
(d)	Add (Deduct) change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments			
(e)	Add (Deduct) change in any other surplus		(1,946)	728
(f)	Surplus - End of Year		228,860	257,265
3.	MINORITY INTEREST		8,452	8,185
4.	TOTAL CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		238,432	266,570

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Organisation

Standard Reinsurance (Bermuda) Limited ("the Company") was incorporated under the laws of Bermuda on 9 January 1991. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Standard Club Ltd ("the Parent") and is licensed as a Class 3A insurer under the Bermuda Insurance Act 1978. The Parent is a company limited by guarantee and beneficially owned by its members. The address of its registered office is Swan Building, 2nd Floor, 26 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda.

The Company's subsidiaries consolidated in these financial statements are as below:

Affiliates	Classes of Shares Held	Principal Business	% Holding
The Standard Club (Asia) Limited, incorporated in Singapore	Ordinary	Marine mutual	80
The Strike Club Europe Limited, incorporated in UK	Limited by guarantee	Dormant	100
The Shipowners' Mutual Strike Association Europe, incorporated in Luxembourg	Ordinary	Marine mutual	99

The Strike Club Europe Limited is a dormant company with \$nil net assets and was dissolved on 12 April 2022.

On 25 January 2022, following approvals from both the Central Bank of Ireland and the Commissariat Aux Assurances, there was a cross-border portfolio transfer into Standard Ireland of all the insurance obligations of Luxembourg-based The Shipowners Mutual Strike Insurance Association Europe ("SIE"). The background to this is that SIE became part of the Standard Club group with effect from 1 February 2019, following approval by SIE's members in general meeting. SIE ceased underwriting on 20 February 2020 and from 21 February 2020, former SIE's EU-based members have been able to buy strike & delay and war risks insurances from Standard Ireland. The portfolio transfer at 25 January 2022 was at fair value and included gross outstanding claims totalling \$386k (\$17k net of reinsurance, including a 90% quota share reinsurance with Standard Re). At 20 February 2022, the values were \$382k gross (\$31k net of reinsurance). Following the audit of the SIE financial statements as at 20 February 2022, the Company intends to put SIE into liquidation.

2. Nature of risks underwritten

The Company's operations are principally reinsurance of the protection and indemnity ("P&I") risks underwritten by its affiliates. During the year ended 20 February 2022, the Company provided quota share reinsurance ("QSR") of 90% of the underwriting results of The Standard Club (Asia) Limited ("Standard Asia"), The Standard Club UK Limited ("Standard UK"), and The Standard Club Ireland DAC ("Standard Ireland").

3. Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated general purpose financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the financial reporting provisions of the Insurance Act 1978, amendments thereto and the Insurance Account Rules 2016 with respect to Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements (the "Legislation"). The condensed consolidated general purpose financial statements are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United Kingdom ("UK GAAP") but are in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Legislation, which varies in certain respects from UK GAAP. The more significant variances are as follows:

- A consolidated statement of cash flows is not included;

- A consolidated statement of comprehensive income is not included;
- The presentation and classification of financial statement line items is in accordance with Schedules IX and XI of the Insurance Account Rules 2016 and differ from the expected presentation and classification under UK GAAP; and
- The notes included in the condensed consolidated general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Schedule X of the Insurance Account Rules 2016 and exclude certain information required under UK GAAP.

The condensed consolidated general purpose financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

4. Accounting policies

Financial assets at fair value through income

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less.

The Company classifies its investments as financial assets at fair value through income. As a result, gains and losses are taken to the statement of income, which reflects the management of the portfolio on a fair value basis. Fair values of investments traded in active markets are measured at bid price. Where there is no active market, fair value is measured by reference to other factors.

Derivative financial investments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. The Company does not engage in hedge accounting and changes in the fair value of all derivative investments are recognised immediately in the statement of income.

Premiums

Premiums are credited to the statement of income as and when charged to members and when reported to the Company by the ceding companies. Premiums for periods after the balance sheet date are treated as prepaid and are not included in the statement of income.

Claims incurred

Claims incurred are recorded when advised by the members and ceding companies. Claims incurred comprise new and adjustments to previously reported case reserves and related expenses, claims settlements and expenses paid in the year, and changes in the provision for claims incurred but not reported and related expenses.

Claims provisions and related reinsurance recoveries

The estimated cost of claims includes expenses to be incurred in settling claims and a deduction for the expected value of salvage and other recoveries. The estimation of claims incurred but not reported is generally subject to a greater degree of uncertainty than the estimation of the cost of settling the underlying claims already notified to the Company. The Company takes all reasonable steps to ensure that it has appropriate information regarding its claims exposure. However, given the uncertainty in establishing claims provisions, it is likely that the final outcome will prove to be different from the original liability established. An allowance for future claims handling costs is included in the provision.

Liability and marine claims are 'long tail', i.e. with potential liabilities several years after the end of the policy year. Consequently, a large element of the claims provision relates to IBNR. Claims estimates for the Company are derived from a combination of loss ratio based estimates and a variety of estimation techniques. These are generally based upon statistical analyses of historical experience, which assume that the development pattern of the current claims will be consistent with past experience. However, allowance is made for changes or uncertainties that may create distortions in the underlying statistics or that may cause the cost of unsettled claims to increase or reduce when compared with the cost of previously settled claims, including:

- changes in the cedants processes that might accelerate or slow down the development and/or recording of paid or incurred claims compared with the statistics from previous periods
- changes in the legal environment
- the effects of inflation
- changes in the mix of business
- the impact of large losses
- movements in industry benchmarks.

The variety of estimation techniques assists in giving greater understanding of the trends inherent in the data being projected and in setting the range of possible outcomes. The most appropriate estimation technique is selected taking into account the characteristics of the business class and the extent of the development of each policy year.

Large claims impacting each relevant business class are generally assessed separately, being measured and/or projected on a case-by-case basis in order to allow for the possible distortive effect of the development and incidence of these large claims.

Pollution and asbestosis claims can have a very long delay between the occurrence and notification. In estimating the cost of these claims, the Company considers the type of underlying risks written historically that may give rise to exposure to these liabilities, notifications received from policyholders, the nature and extent of the cover provided, the current legal environment, changes in the effectiveness of clean-up techniques and industry benchmarks of the typical cost of such claims.

Claims reserves are estimated on an undiscounted basis apart from asbestos-related claims. Due to the very long delay between the notification and the final settlement of a claim which has arisen due an exposure to asbestos, such asbestos-related claims provisions and IBNR thereon are discounted to take account of the expected investment income receivable between the balance sheet date and settlement on the assets held to cover these provisions.

Provisions are calculated gross of any reinsurance recoveries. A separate estimate is made of the amounts that will be recoverable from the Company's affiliate reinsurer based upon the gross provisions.

Reinsurance recoveries in respect of estimated claims incurred but not reported are assumed to be consistent with the historical pattern of such recoveries, and are adjusted to reflect changes in the nature and extent of the Company's reinsurance programme over time.

An assessment is also made of the recoverability of reinsurance with regard to market data on the financial strength of the reinsurance affiliate.

Investment return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses, and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses, charges and interest. Dividends are recorded on the date on which the shares are quoted ex-dividend and include the imputed tax credits. Interest and expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. Realised gains and losses on investments carried at market value are calculated as the difference between net sales proceeds and purchase price. Movements in unrealised gains and losses on investments represent the difference between the valuation at the balance sheet date and their purchase price or, if they have been previously valued, their valuation at the last balance sheet date, together with the reversal of unrealised gains and losses recognised in earlier accounting periods in respect of investment disposals in the current period.

5. Basis of recognition of premium, investment and commission income

Premium

Premium income consists of calls and premiums from members, and QSR reinsurance premiums reported to the Company by the ceding insurers. Premium income is recorded on an earned basis and is stated before deductions for taxes. Premium income for periods after the balance sheet date is treated as prepaid is not included in the statement of income.

Investment income

Investment income is recognised on an accrual basis.

Commission income

The Company does not receive commission income.

6. Foreign currency

The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in US dollars and rounded to thousands.

The results and financial position of the subsidiary whose functional currency is pound sterling are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the balance sheet date
- income and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange during the year
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in combined other income (deductions).

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the US dollar rate of exchange at the balance sheet date with the resulting difference treated as an exchange gain or loss in combined other income (deductions).

Revenue transactions in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars at the rate applicable for the week in which the transaction takes place. Exchange differences are reported in the statement of income.

Foreign currency contracts are entered into in order to hedge the currency exposure of the investment portfolio. The contracts are for the forward sale of currencies, which are matched by holdings of those currencies. The open contracts have been revalued at year-end rates of exchange and the potential profit or loss included in the statement of income.

7. Foreign exchange control restrictions

None (2021: None).

8. Commitments

The Company provide commitments on behalf of affiliated companies and subsidiaries to facilitate regulatory capital requirements of those companies. As such, \$0.9m (2021: \$1.1m) of cash and \$63.0m (2021: \$83.2m) of investments have been recognised as encumbered assets guaranteeing these commitments.

9. Defaults made by the insurer

None (2021: None).

10. Dividends on preferred cumulative shares

None (2021: None).

11. Loans made to any director or officer

None (2021: None).

12. Retirement benefits relating to employees

None (2021: None).

13. Fair value estimations

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1 – Listed quoted prices in active markets and external broker quotes which are publicly, readily and regularly available on an active market

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)

Level 3 – Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value at 20 February 2022 and at 20 February 2021.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

	Level 1 US\$m	Level 2 US\$m	Level 3 US\$m	Total US\$m
As at 20 February 2022				
Shares and other variable-yield securities and units in unit trusts	84,383	-	36,505	120,888
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	277,056	134,206	-	411,262
Forward currency contracts	(366)	-	-	(366)
	361,073	134,206	36,505	531,784
As at 20 February 2021				
Shares and other variable-yield securities and units in unit trusts	134,128	-	39,247	173,375
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	272,925	151,201	-	424,126
Forward currency contracts	(123)	-	-	(123)
	406,930	151,201	39,247	597,378

During the years ended 20 February 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

14. Maturity profile of investments

The following table provides a maturity analysis of the Company's investments representing the dates that contracts will mature, amounts are due for payment, or assets could be realised without significant additional cost:

	Within 1 year US\$m	1-5 years US\$m	5-10 years US\$m	Over 10 years US\$m	Total US\$m
As at 20 February 2022					
Shares and other variable-yield securities and units in unit trusts	76,644	9,938	14,621	19,685	120,888
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	410,262	1,000	-	-	411,262
Forward currency contracts	(366)	-	-	-	(366)
	486,540	10,938	14,621	19,685	531,784
As at 20 February 2021					
Shares and other variable-yield securities and units in unit trusts	133,017	12,444	14,175	13,739	173,375
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	424,126	-	-	-	424,126
Forward currency contracts	(123)	-	-	-	(123)
	557,020	12,444	14,175	13,739	597,378

15. Related party transactions

The Company is related through common control with Standard Ireland, Standard UK, and Standard Asia, the only sources of insurance business written by the Company during the year. The Company is also related to its subsidiary, SIE, whose run-off the Company was re-insuring until 25 January 2022. The Company has no shareholding in Standard Ireland, Standard UK or SIE but has an 80% shareholding in Standard Asia and 99% voting rights in SIE.

The Company received no dividends during the year from Standard Asia (2021: None).

The Company paid a dividend of \$10m (2021: \$nil) during the financial year to the Parent.

The Company has reinsurance transactions with its affiliate, the Hydra Standard Cell, and these transactions are recorded in the primary statements.

16. Material post balance sheet events

None (2021: None).

17. Non-adjusting events after the end of the reporting period

Since the year end (and up to the date of authorisation of the financial statements) the Company has seen a decline in the market value of its investments of approximately 4%.

18. Any other information

COVID-19

The directors have been monitoring the development of the impact of COVID-19, directly on the Company's business, and indirectly through the development of government policy and advice. Standard Club group continues to carry out detailed risk assessments which confirm that COVID-19 does not threaten the group's or Standard Re's going concern. The main issues are as follows.

Operational

The Company's managers have activated full business continuity contingency plans and shown the Company can continue to operate in the event of a serious prolonged incident, such as the pandemic. Business records and documentation are stored electronically, are regularly backed-up and are accessible remotely from anywhere in the world. The Company has been able to continue to provide the same level of service to its members.

Risks underwritten

The group insures only limited aspects of the effects of COVID-19 (which are reinsured by Standard Re). The marine protection and indemnity (P&I) policies which form the majority of the group's book provide cover for crew illness and death, crew repatriation and substitution, passenger illness and death, broader liabilities to passengers arising out threats to life, health or safety on board, third-party illness and death and additional quarantine expenses. The group also provides legal expenses cover for members (Defence). The aggregate of COVID-19 claims notified up to 20 February 2022 across all classes of business amounted to \$36m at a group level (of which 90% are passed to Standard Re through the quota share).

Policyholders

Early in the pandemic, there was a concern that a major downturn in economic conditions would materially affect members and business partners of the group. The possible impacts on the group and so also on Standard Re in the short term included pressure on cash flow and debt recovery, and in the medium term, pressure on premium, but with reduced levels of claims due to diminished levels of activity. In fact, premium and net claims impacts have been protected by the company's reinsurance contracts, so the main impact has been on the company's investment portfolio.

Investment portfolio

The Company's investment portfolio was conservatively invested during the year to 20 February 2022 and performed well despite the volatile market conditions.

Regulators and forecasts

The managers continue to model stressed future scenarios to assess the Company's compliance with regulatory capital requirements in the context of the risk appetite determined by the Board. The directors recognise that as the foreseeable scenarios change, decisions may need to be made in relation to the scale of the Company's activity and the level of capital maintained to support that activity.

War in Ukraine

In late February 2022, Russia launched an attack on Ukraine, marking a sudden escalation of the conflict between the two countries. As a result, significant sanctions have been placed on Russia by countries such as the United States of America, the United Kingdom, and countries in the European Union.

The club established an internal working group to consider and monitor the impact on its business and members of the evolving situation in Ukraine. The team has representatives from Legal, Claims, Underwriting, Reinsurance, Risk, Compliance, Actuarial, Loss Prevention, the Sanctions Team, and Finance (including investments). The working group convenes regularly to assess the position of the club and provide guidance to employees and members on related developments.

The club does not believe the impact of the conflict in Ukraine will adversely affect its ability to operate as a going concern.

Merger proposal

On 14 March 2022, it was announced that North and Standard Club have entered formal discussions for a proposed merger to create a new global marine insurer and one of the largest providers of mutual cover in the maritime industries. This was approved by the membership of both clubs on 27 May 2022. Subject to the approval of all appropriate regulatory authorities, the formal merger of both clubs is expected to complete by 20 February 2023. There is no impact of these discussions on the carrying value of the assets and liabilities reported in these financial statements.

Going concern

At the date of signing these financial statements, the directors' forecasts up to 20 February 2025 indicate that the Company will be able to maintain liquidity and a surplus over its Solvency Capital requirement, and will be able to continue to trade as a going concern. Even in severely stressed scenarios, the conservative investment portfolio held by the Company and the comprehensive reinsurance arrangements for the group will limit the extent of any downside risk. The directors continue to monitor the position in case any stressed scenarios become more likely than is judged to be the case currently.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

1(a) Capital stock

The Company has authorised and issued share capital of 120,000 ordinary shares of \$1.00 par value each. All of the authorised and issued shares are held by The Standard Club Ltd.

1(b) Contributed surplus

\$1m of contributed surplus on merger with Strike Association Bermuda.

1(c) Other fixed capital

N/A – no other fixed capital.

2(c) Dividends paid and payable

A dividend of \$10m was paid to the Parent, The Standard Club Ltd during the year (2021: \$nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash equivalents

Encumbrance on cash amounts to \$0.9m (2021: \$1.1m) consist of amounts held as collateral by financial institutions against letter of credits (“LOC”) and guarantee facilities provided to related companies in the Parent’s group.

2. Quoted investments

Fair values of quoted investments are derived from active markets and are measured at bid price.

Encumbrance on quoted investments consists of amounts held as collateral by financial institutions against letter of credits (“LOC”) and guarantee facilities provided to related companies in the Parent’s group:

Form of encumbrance	Encumbered amount	Encumbered amount
	2022	2021
	\$ m	\$ m
BARCLAYS Guarantee and LOC facilities for Standard UK and Standard Asia	28.4	29.9
HSBC Guarantee facility for Standard UK and Standard Asia	9.0	9.0
NORDEA Guarantee and LOC facilities for Standard UK and Standard Asia	25.6	44.3

3. Unquoted investments

Fair value is based on prices provided by the managers of the unquoted investments and are reviewed by Charles Taylor Investment Management (“CTIM”), the Company’s investment managers.

4. Investment in affiliates

None (2021: None).

5. Investments in mortgage loans on real estate

None (2021: None).

6. Policy loans

None (2021: None).

7. Real estate

None (2021: None).

8. Collateral loans

None (2021: None).

9. Accrued investment income

Investment income due and accrued is \$3,282k (2021: 4,014k).

10. Accounts and premiums receivable

Accounts and premiums receivable consist of amounts receivable from:

- Direct insurance operations \$10,027k (2021: \$12,846k)
- Affiliated companies \$108,009 (2021: \$53,313k).

11. Reinsurance balances receivable

None (2021: None).

12. Funds held by ceding reinsurers

None (2021: None).

13. Sundry assets

(a) Derivative instruments none (2021: None).

Derivative instruments are open forward currency contracts which represent potential losses or gains on forward contracts, which have been entered into to protect the assets of the Company. The total of the open forward contracts at any one time is limited by guidelines set by the board of directors and matched against currency and asset holdings in excess of the amount of the contracts.

(i) Goods Sales Tax (GST) \$195k (2021: \$192k)

Amount represents GST receivable balance in Standard Asia.

(j) Member fund accounts \$3,270k (2021: \$4,752k)

The purpose of the member fund accounts is to hold monies on behalf of members as cash security for a specific transaction usually against future claim deductibles, release calls or as counter security against non-covered risks.

14. Letters of credit, guarantees and other (not disclosed elsewhere)

None (2020: None).

16. Unearned premium reserve

STANDARD REINSURANCE (BERMUDA) LIMITED

Unearned premium reserve \$62K (2021: \$175K).

Unearned premiums represent the proportion of underlying premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of underlying policies in force at the balance sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis. Unearned premiums are those proportions of premiums written in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date. In respect of general insurance business, written premiums are recognised as earned over the period of the underlying policies on a time apportionment basis, having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The proportion attributable to subsequent periods is deferred as a provision for unearned premiums.

17. Loss and loss expense provisions

(a) Movement in the year

General Business	2022	2021
Gross loss and loss expense provisions at beginning of year	532,954	522,005
Less: Reinsurance recoverable at beginning of year	117,463	99,838
Net loss and loss expense provisions at beginning of year	415,491	422,167
Acquisition / Sale of loss reserves (net):	5,774	5,624
Net losses incurred and net loss expenses incurred related to:		
Current year	152,428	211,224
Prior years	20,671	(20,550)
Total net incurred losses & loss expenses	173,099	190,674
Net losses and loss expenses paid or payable related to:		
Current year	(88,919)	(91,711)
Prior years	(106,186)	(107,983)
Total losses and loss expenses paid or payable	(195,105)	(199,694)
Foreign exchange and other	(7,395)	(3,280)
Net loss and loss expense provisions at end of year	391,864	415,491
Add: Reinsurance recoverable at end of year	114,328	117,463
Gross loss and loss expense provisions at end of year	506,192	532,954

(b) Movement in net losses incurred and net loss expenses incurred on prior years relate mainly to payment of the QSR recoveries on prior year contracts to Standard UK. No additional premiums or return premiums have been accrued as a result of the movement in prior years.

(c)(i) There are no restricted assets that are held for security or collateral against a liability or contingent liability

(c)(ii) No policyholder obligations are secured by assets or collateral.

20. Method for calculating long-term business reserves for reported claims

N/a – no long-term business.

21. Method for calculating long-term business reserves for unreported claims

N/a – no long-term business.

22. Method of calculation of life reserves

N/a – no life business.

23. Method of calculation of accident and health reserves

N/a – no accident and health business.

24. Policyholder funds on deposit

N/a – no policyholders' funds on deposit.

25. Liability for future policyholders' dividends

N/a – no liability for future policyholders' dividends.

26. Method of calculation of long-term reserves

N/a – no long-term business.

27. Long-term business insurance reserves

N/a – no long-term business.

28. Insurance and reinsurance balances payable

Insurance and reinsurance balances payables consist of amounts payable to:

- Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations \$3,009k (2021: \$5,249k)
- Affiliated companies \$45,214 (2021: \$29,678k).

29. Unearned commissions

None (2021: None).

30. Loans and notes payable

None (2021: None).

31. Taxes

(a) No income taxes payable (2021: None)

(b) No deferred income taxes (2021: None)

32. Terms of amounts due to affiliates

None (2021: None).

33. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

- Accounts payable \$3,314k (2021: \$4,709k)
- Accrued liabilities \$144k (2021: \$649k)

34. Funds held under reinsurance contracts

None (2021: None).

35. Dividends payable

\$10m (2021: None).

36. Sundry liabilities

(a) Derivative instruments \$366k (2021: \$123k)

Derivative instruments are open forward currency contracts which represent potential losses or gains on forward contracts, which have been entered into to protect the assets of the Company. These have been revalued at 20 February 2022 using exchange rates prevailing at that date. The total of the open forward contracts at any one time is limited by guidelines set by the board of directors and matched against currency and asset holdings in excess of the amount of the contracts.

37. Letters of credit, guarantees and other instruments

None (2021: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

6. Other insurance income

None (2021: None).

15. Other insurance income

None (2021: None).

32. Combined other income (deductions)

(a) Exchange gains \$3,846k (2021: \$(5,048)k)

(b) Minority interest \$(268)k (2021: \$(529)k)

(c) Other income \$(2)k (2021: \$(50)k)

36. Nature of combined realised gains (losses)

Gains of \$6,885k (2021: \$25,681k) relate to profits on disposal of investments .